



Plants are vital to humans

Oxygen
Filter air pollutants
Sequester carbon
Cleanse water
Control erosion
Lessen floods
Fuel
Fiber
90% of food energy
75% of major drugs







Goals of the report

- Document status of and trends in the New England flora
- Identify threats to plant species in the region
- Articulate research agenda
- Discuss frameworks for conserving and managing species
- Suggest what everyone can do to help





Sources of data - NEPCoP







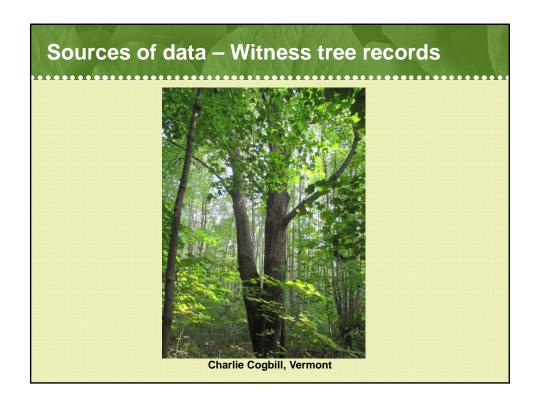
New England Plant Conservation Program
Plant Conservation Volunteers
Rich botanical history
Herbarium Recovery Project
Flora Novae Angliae
Go Botany and PlantShare
Flora Conservanda
1,000's of published studies
New England experts

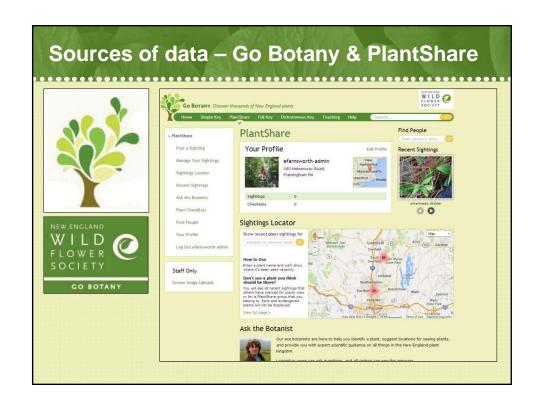


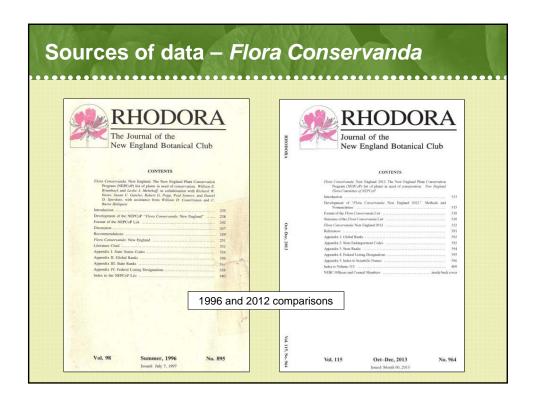
Sources of data - Volunteer monitoring

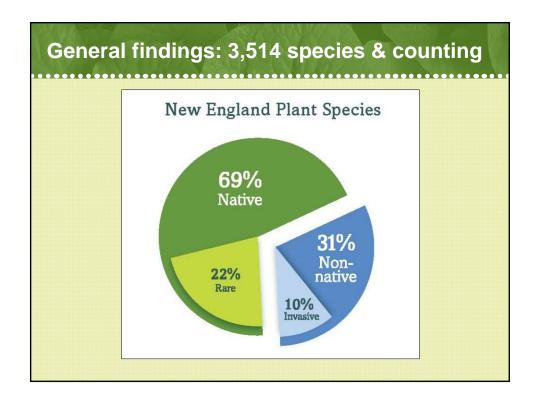
- 250+ Plant Conservation Volunteers active each year
 - 700+ total trained
- 450+ surveys yearly
- 60,000 hours of fieldwork since 1998
- New discoveries, updates, surveys
- Management



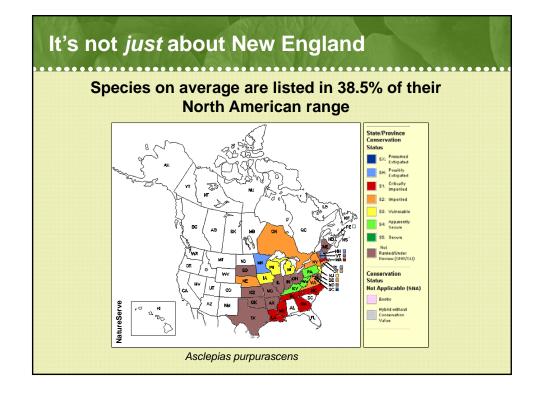












General findings

593 considered in Flora Conservanda 2012

Globally rare: 62 (2.5% of native taxa)

Regionally rare: 325 (13.4%)
Regionally declining: 6 (0.2%)
Disjunct: 51 (2.1%)

Historical: 96 (3.9%)

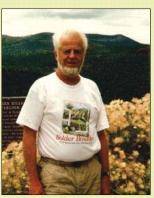
TOTAL: 540 (22.1% of the native flora)

Division IND (Indeterminate): 53 (1.5%)

Most staying the same, but 25 down-listed, 8 up-listed

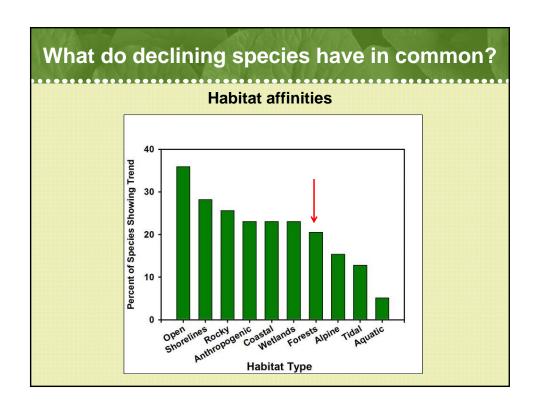
De-listing of taxa

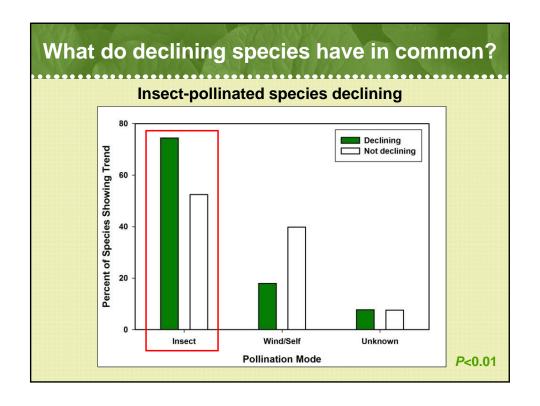
Previously unrecorded finds
Taxonomic revisions (lumping)
Hybrids
New information on nativity
Actual increases

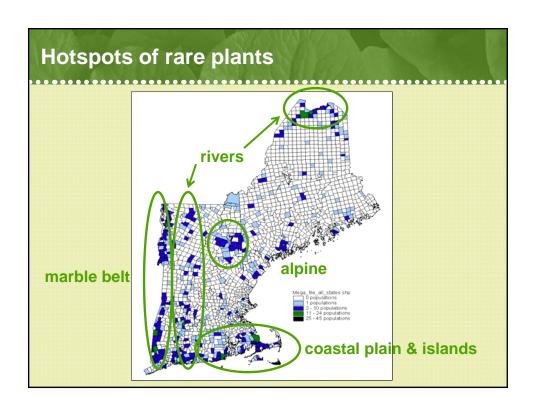


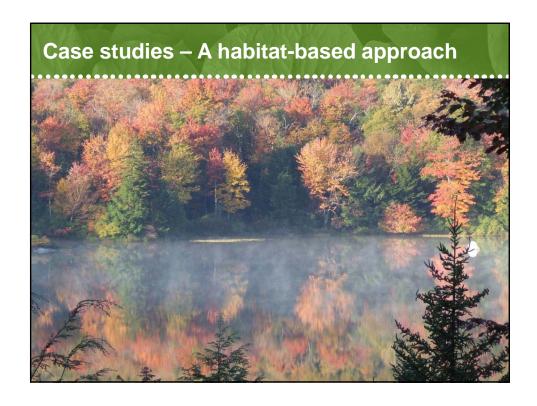


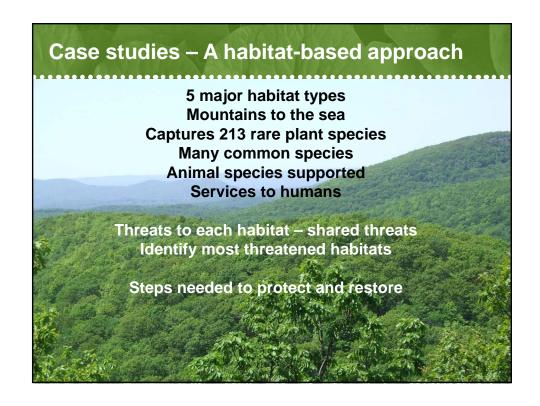


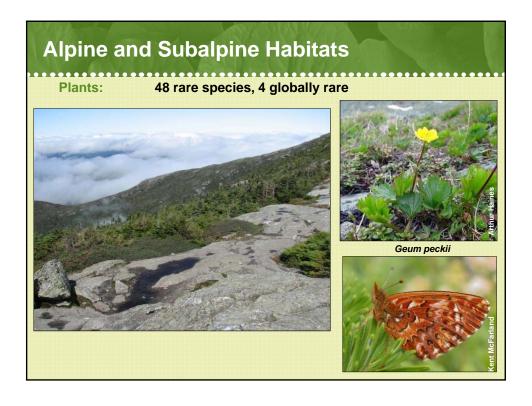








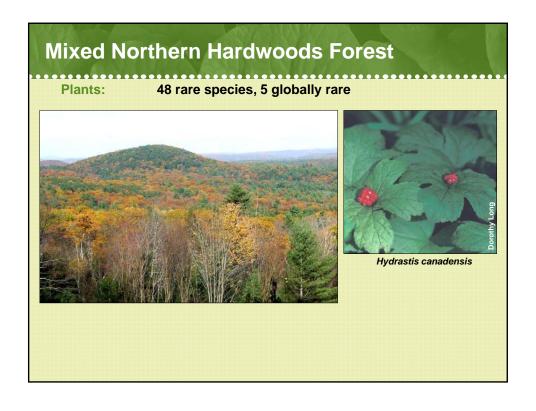


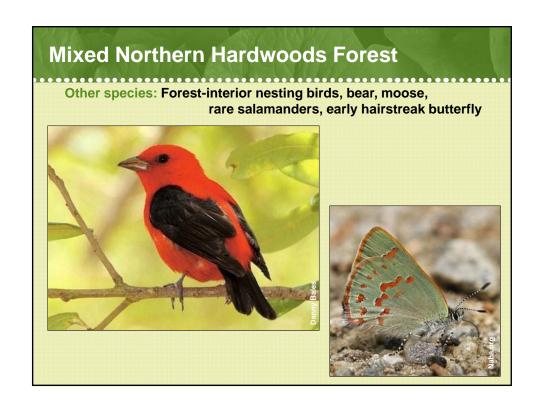


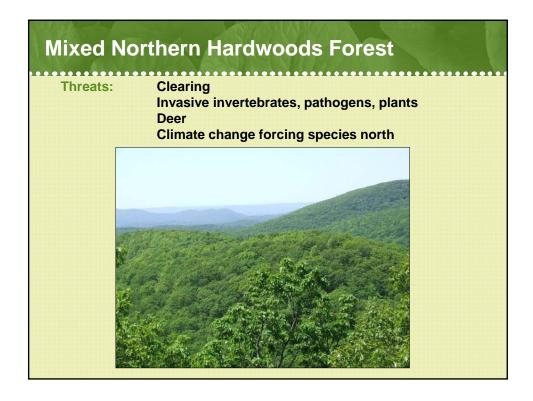


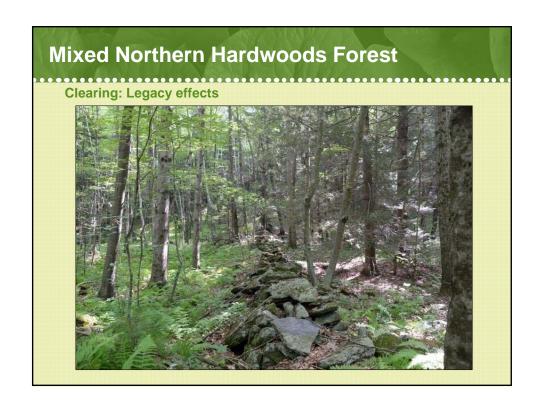




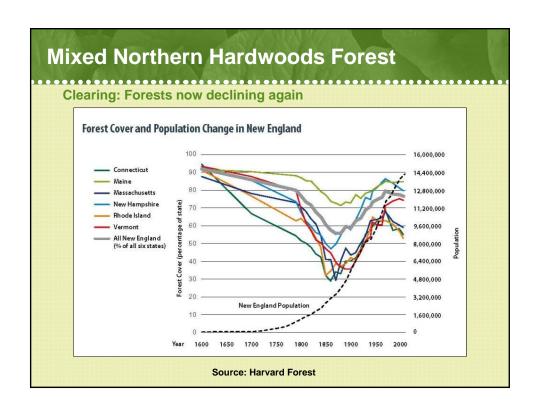


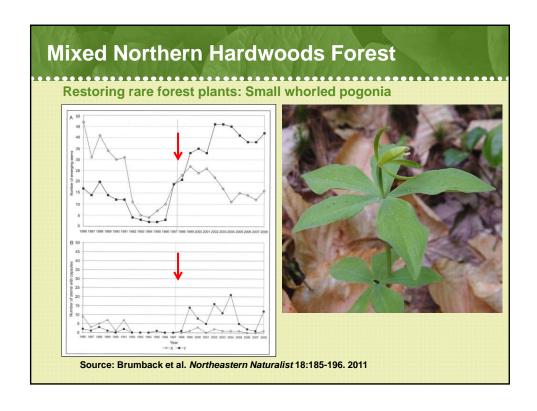






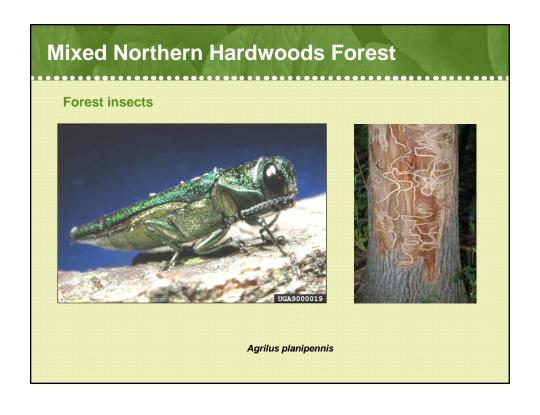


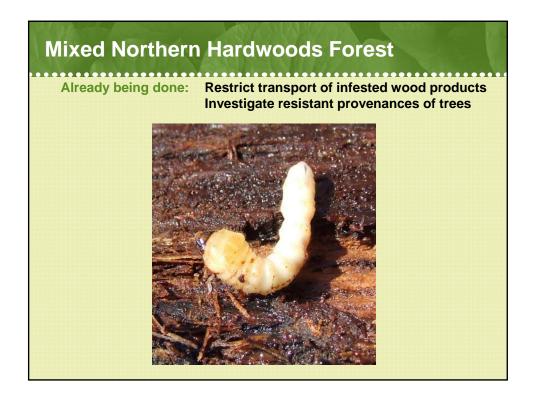


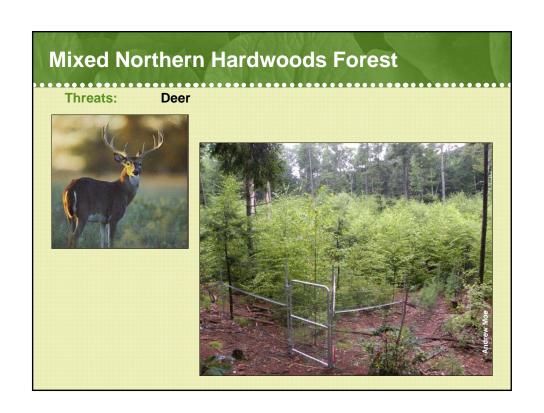


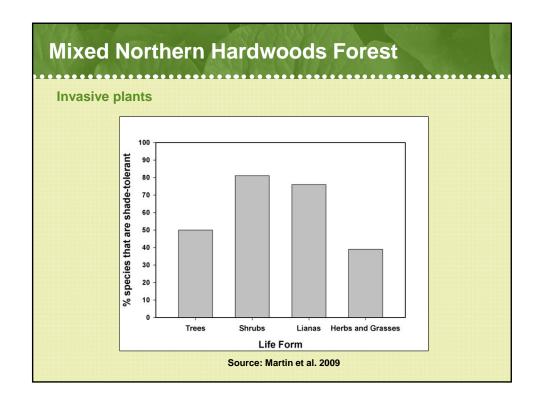


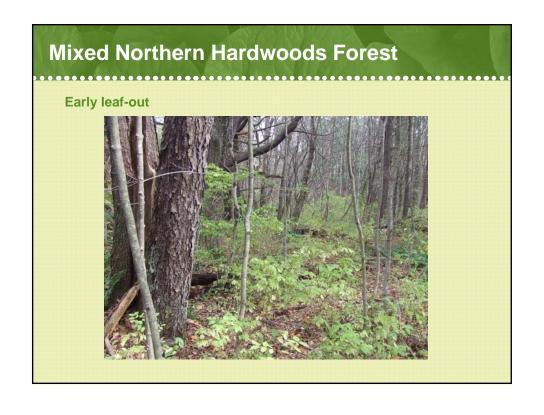


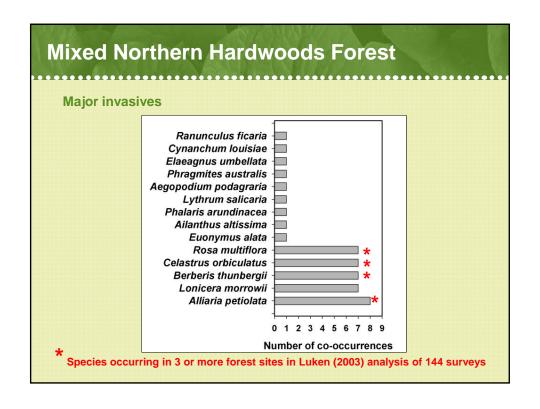


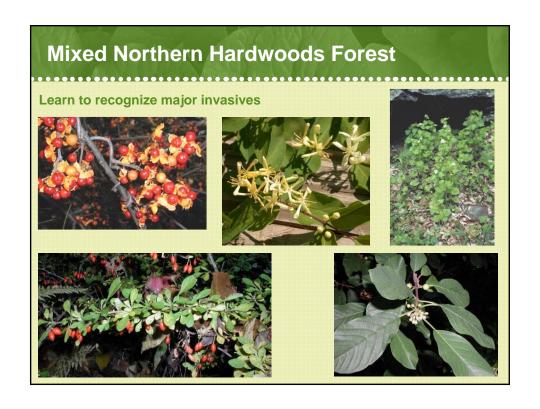


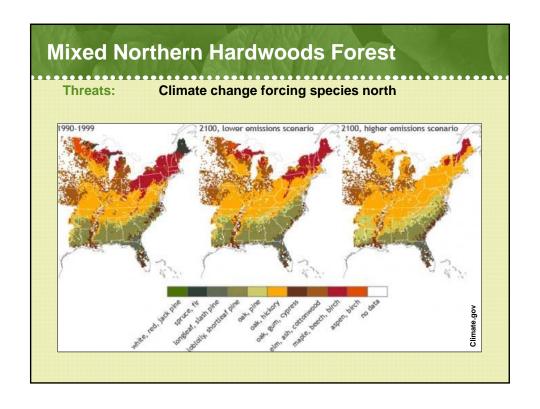


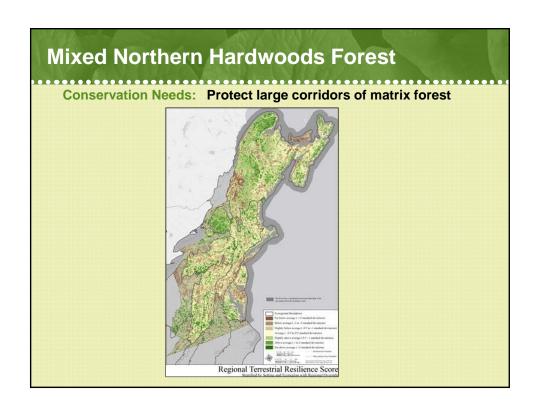


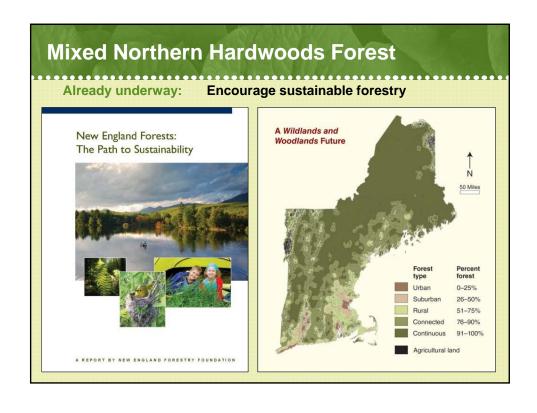


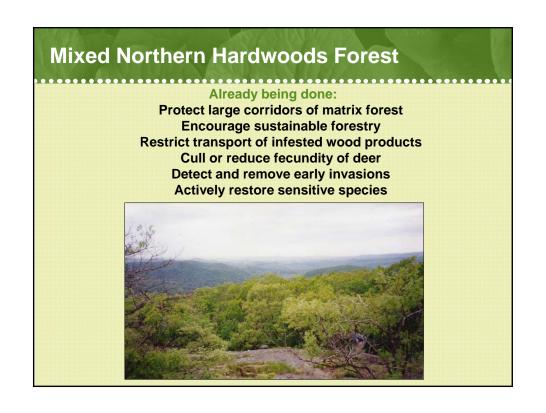












Recommendations

Overall Goal:

Functioning ecosystems with species continuing to evolve in the wild in response to evolutionary pressures, with little intervention and input.

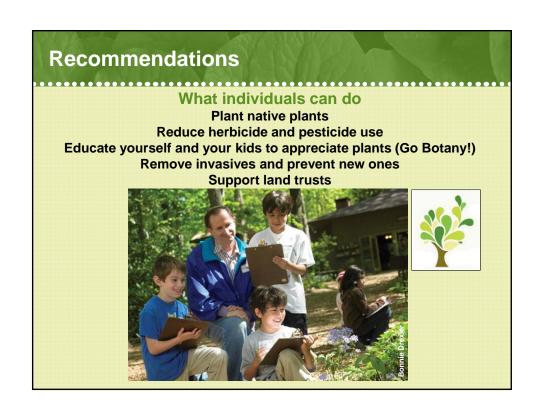


Recommendations

Overall Strategies:

- 1. Protect as much intact, diverse, complex habitat as possible.
- 2. Monitor plant populations for health and threats.
- 3. Collect and bank seeds to preserve the genetic variation of plants.
- 4. Manage habitats for rare and common plants where necessary and feasible.
- 5. Augment, reintroduce and introduce plant populations within the historic range.
- 6. Perform managed relocation as necessary.
- 7. Spearhead a national strategy.





Recommendations

At the community level

Work with municipal officials
Advocate for more plant education in schools
Encourage local outlets to promote native plants
Support local, sustainable agriculture and forestry



Recommendations

At the national level

Reduce greenhouse gas emissions
Funding for land protection and management
Strengthen laws for wetlands and other sensitive habitats
Eliminate loopholes in rare species laws



