# NEWFOUND LAKE

2019 SAMPLING HIGHLIGHTS	Blue = Excellent	Turbidity	Dissolved Oxygen
Fowler River Subwatershed	<b>Yellow</b> = Fair	(TUR) 0.6 NTU	(DO) 10.9 mg/L
NEWFOUND LAFE	<b>Red</b> = Poor	Total Phosphorus	Specific Conductivity
	Light Gray = No Data	(TP) 7.7 ug/L	(SPCD) 29.3 <i>u</i> S/cm
ON ASSOCIAT			

Figure 1. Fowler River Subwatershed Average Water Quality (2019)

#### Table 1. 2019 Fowler River Subwatershed Seasonal Average Water Quality Measurements.

Parameter	Assessment Criteria					Fowler River Subwatershed Average (range)	Fowler River Subwatershed Classification		
Turbidity * (NTU)	< 0 - 5.0 Desirable	6 – 10 Low Impac	t 11 – Mode imp	rate	51 – 100 Moderate high impa	e –	> 101 High impact	<b>0.6</b> NTU (range: 0.2 – 1.7)	Desirable
pH (standard units)	< 5.5 suboptima successful fis and reprod	al for h growth	5.5 – 6.5 sufficient for successful fish growth and reproduction		th	6.5 – 8.5 optimal range for fish growth and reproduction		<b>6.3 standard units</b> (range: 5.8 – 7.0)	Sufficient for successful fish growth and reproduction
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	< 5 Suboptimal for successful brook trout growth and survival		> 5 Typically sufficient for successful brook trout growth and survival		<b>10.9 mg/L</b> (range: 5.9 – 14.0)	Typically sufficient for successful brook trout growth and survival			
Specific * Conductivity (uS/cm)	0 – 100 Normal	-	1 – 200 <sup>-</sup> Impact	Mod	– 500 lerate pact	Hi	> 501 gh Impact	<b>29.3</b> <i>u</i> S/cm (range: 10.3 – 77.0)	Normal
Total * Phosphorus (ug/L)	< 10 ug/L Ideal		1 - 25 verage	26.0 – 50.0 More than desirable		F	> 51 Excessive	<b>7.7 <i>ug</i>/L</b> (range: 2.7 – 28.1)	Ideal

Water quality assessment criteria are provided by the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services for general guidance only. Natural variations among rivers and streams will occur and should be considered when interpreting the water quality data.

# Table 2. 2019 Fowler River Subwatershed Seasonal Average Water Quality Intercomparison among Sampling Stations.

Site ID *	Average Turbidity (NTU)	Average Specific Conductivity (uS/cm)	Average Total Phosphorus (ug/L)	Average Dissolved Oxgyen (mg/L)	Average pH (standard units)	
FR-H20	0.9	43.6	13.8	9.3	6.2	
FR-H21	1.2	54.3	14.6	8.8	6.4	
FR-H22	0.5	34.2	4.9	11.4	6.3	
FR-U05	0.5	25.6	5.5	11.6	6.2	
FR-U10	0.3	17.8	3.5	10.8	6.3	
FR-U20	0.3	15.1	6.4	11.2	6.0	
FR-U25	0.4	13.0	5.9	11.6	6.1	
FR-U30	0.9	38.7	7.8	11.6	6.5	
FR-U40	0.9	19.1	10.9	11.4	6.3	
FR-U50	0.3	12.9	5.0	11.1	6.1	
FR-U60	0.4	47.7	6.4	10.9	6.3	
* Refer to Figure 4 for a map of the sampling locations.						

Refer to Figure 4 for a map of the sampling locations.

# **Fowler River Subwatershed Highlights**

The Fowler River subwatershed is the largest river drainage network that feeds into Newfound Lake. The 22,713-acre Fowler River subwatershed is monitored with 11 active sampling locations that are positioned at various points along the Fowler River and its feeder streams. Sampling locations were selected to characterize the overall water quality and to screen for potential problem areas within the Fowler River subwatershed.

The 2019 Fowler River water quality measurements generally indicate high water quality among the sampling sites. However, variations in average specific conductivity concentrations (a surrogate for salt runoff) are visible (Figure 2). Two upstream sampling locations, FR-U30 and FR-U60, were characterized by higher specific conductivity measurements relative to the more downstream sampling locations. The pattern of lower 2019 specific conductivity measurements, relative to the 2010-2018 measurements, was common among the majority of the Fowler River sampling locations (Figure 2).

The 2019 average turbidity (suspended soil and other particles) levels were low while the average total phosphorus (nutrient) concentrations were low to moderate in the Fowler River subwatershed (Figure 3).

Brook trout, an indicator of high quality water, have frequently been observed during field sampling visits to the Fowler River and the affiliated feeder streams. Dissolved oxygen concentrations measured in the Fowler River tributaries generally remained within the range considered sufficient to support the successful brook trout growth and reproduction.

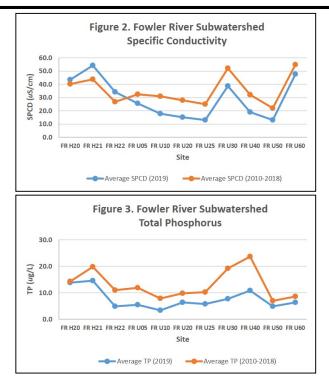


Table 3. Comparison of Seasonal Average Water Quality by Subwatershed (2019)

Subwatershed	Average * Turbidity (NTU)	Average * Specific Conductivity ( <i>u</i> S/cm)	Average * Total Phosphorus (ug/L)	Average * Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Average * pH (Standard Units)
Black Brook	2.2	159.6	9.3	12.2	6.4
Cockermouth River	0.5	39.9	4.9	11.8	6.4
Dick Brown Brook	0.9	40.2	7.7	10.5	6.6
Fowler River	0.6	29.3	7.7	10.9	6.3
Georges Brook	0.5	39.0	6.8	10.8	6.4
Hemlock Brook	0.4	36.7	5.4	10.8	6.8
Whittemore Brook	0.3	26.9	5.0	11.0	6.6
Tilton Brook	0.4	107.3	7.5	11.1	6.7

\* The displayed water quality results are average values for all sampling locations within the respective subwatersheds.

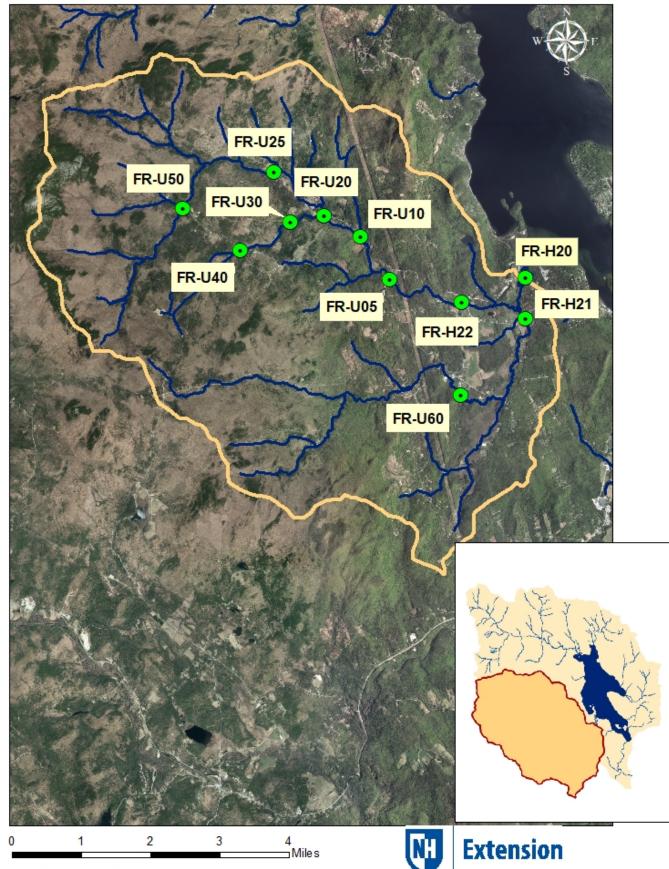
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# mendations for Property Owners:

Implement Best Management Practices within the Newfound Lake watershed to minimize the adverse impacts of polluted runoff and erosion into the lake. Refer to "Landscaping at the Water's Edge: An Ecological Approach" and "New Hampshire Homeowner's Guide to Stormwater Management: Do-It-Yourself Stormwater Solutions for Your Home" for more information on how to reduce nutrient loading caused by overland run-off.

- https://extension.unh.edu/resources/files/Resource004159\_Rep5940.pdf
- https://des.nh.gov/organization/commissioner/pip/publications/wd/documents/wd-11-11.pdf

Figure 4. 2019 Sampling Highlights - Fowler River Subwatershed



Aerial Orthophoto Source: NH GRANIT Site location GPS coordinates collected by the UNH Center for Freshwater Biology