

MERRYMEETING RIVER

2019 SAMPLING HIGHLIGHTS

Station – River Run

Alton, NH



Extension

Station River Run (Figure 5) was used as a reference point to represent the condition of the Merrymeeting River as water discharged out of Merrymeeting Marsh near Route 28. With the exception of the dissolved oxygen measurements, the water quality data displayed in Tables 1, 2 and 3 are surface water measurements.

Blue = Oligotrophic

Yellow = Mesotrophic

Red = Eutrophic

Gray = No Data

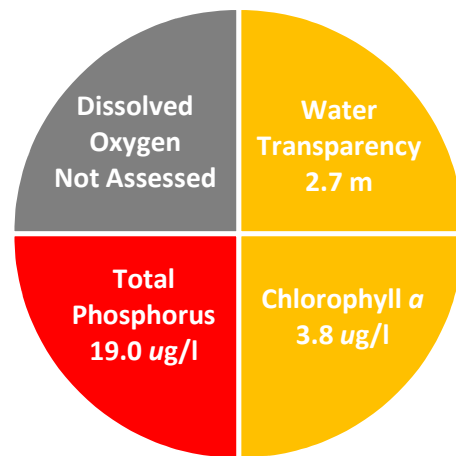


Figure 1. River Run Water Quality (2019)

Table 1. 2019 River Run Seasonal Averages and NH DES Aquatic Life Nutrient Criteria¹

Parameter	Oligotrophic	Mesotrophic	Eutrophic	River Run Average (range)	River Run Classification
Water Clarity (meters)	4.0 – 7.0	2.5 - 4.0	< 2.5	2.7 meters (2.5 – 3.0)	Mesotrophic
Chlorophyll <i>a</i> ¹ (ug/l)	< 3.3	> 3.3 – 5.0	> 5.0 – 11.0	3.8 ug/l (2.5 – 5.0)	Mesotrophic
Total Phosphorus ¹ (ug/l)	< 8.0	> 8.0 – 12.0	> 12.0 – 28.0	19.0 ug/l (11.0 – 25.0)	Eutrophic
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	5.0 – 7.0	2.0 – 5.0	<2.0	Not Assessed	Not Assessed

* River Run did not develop a stable mid or deep water layer upon which the dissolved oxygen level is assessed.

Table 2. 2019 River Run Seasonal Average Accessory Water Quality Measurements

Parameter	Assessment Criteria					River Run Average (range)	River Run Classification
Color (color units)	< 10 uncolored	10 – 20 slightly colored	20 – 40 lightly tea colored	40 – 80 tea colored	> 80 highly colored	61.9 color units (range: 31.7 – 81.2)	Tea colored
Alkalinity (mg/L)	< 0.0 acidified	0.1 – 2.0 extremely vulnerable	2.1 – 10 moderately vulnerable	10.1 – 25.0 low vulnerability	> 25.0 not vulnerable	8.1 mg/L (range: 7.4 – 9.2)	Moderately vulnerable
pH (std units)	< 5.5 suboptimal for successful growth and reproduction		6.5 – 9.0 optimal range for fish growth and reproduction			6.4 standard units (range: 6.0 – 6.6)	acceptable range for fish growth and reproduction
Specific Conductivity (uS/cm)	< 50 uS/cm Characteristic of minimally impacted NH lakes		50-100 uS/cm Lakes with some human influence	> 100 uS/cm Characteristic of lakes experiencing human disturbances		67.9 uS/cm (range: 66.0 – 69.3)	Characteristic of lakes with some human influence

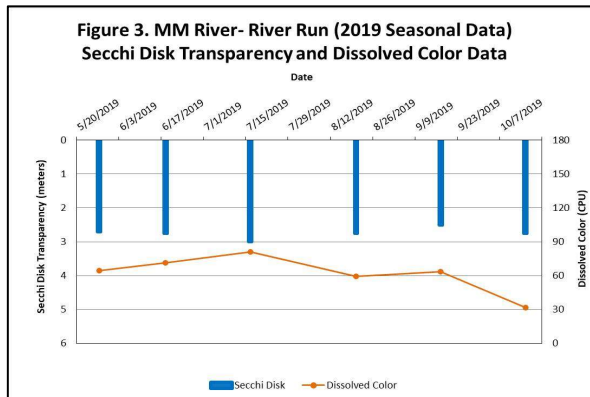
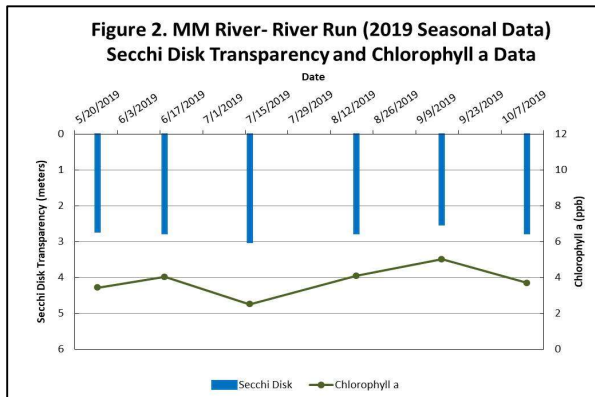


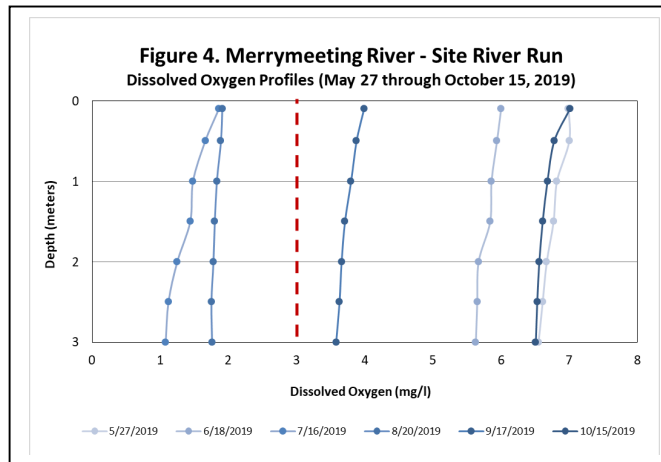
Figure 2 and 3. Seasonal Secchi disk transparency, chlorophyll *a* concentrations and dissolved color concentrations. Figures 2 and 3 illustrate the interplay among Secchi Disk transparency, chlorophyll *a* and dissolved color. Shallower water transparency measurements oftentimes correspond to increases in chlorophyll *a* and/or color concentrations. Note: most River Run Secchi Disk transparency measurements reached the lake bottom before disappearing from view and likely underestimate the water clarity.

Table 3. Merrymeeting River watershed inter-lake comparison (2019 Data)

Lake	Average (range) Secchi Disk Transparency (meters)	Average (range) Chlorophyll <i>a</i> (ppb)	Average (range) Total Phosphorus (ppb)	Average (range) Dissolved Color (CPU)	Average (range) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l)
Merrymeeting Lake	10.2 meters (range: 8.2 – 12.5)	0.7 ug/l (range: 0.1 – 1.0)	3.7 ug/l (range: 2.6 – 6.5)	4.2 CPU (range: 1.4 – 7.4)	10.9 mg/l (range: 8.7 – 12.2)
Marsh Pond	2.8 meters (range: 2.1 – 3.6)	14.2 ug/l (range: 4.8 – 24.6)	48.4 ug/l (range: 19.8 – 80.8)	19.3 CPU (range: 12.7 – 22.2)	2.0 mg/l (range: 0.0 – 4.7)
Jones Pond	2.7 meters (range: 2.1 – 3.5)	10.5 ug/l (range: 4.0 – 13.8)	29.0 ug/l (range: 18.2 – 34.8)	29.6 CPU (range: 24.3 – 35.6)	0.2 mg/l (range: 0.0 – 0.3)
Downing Pond	2.7 meters (range: 2.2 – 3.0)	8.0 ug/l (range: 4.1 – 12.2)	28.7 ug/l (range: 19.0 – 37.4)	35.2 CPU (range: 25.7 – 41.1)	-----
MM River – River Run	2.7 meters (range: 2.5 – 3.0)	3.8 ug/l (range: 2.5 – 5.0)	19.0 ug/l (range: 11.0 – 25.0)	61.9 CPU (range: 31.7 – 81.2)	-----
Wentworth Pond	2.7 meters (range: 2.0 – 3.5)	5.5 ug/l (range: 4.0 – 7.5)	19.6 ug/l (range: 11.8 – 26.0)	66.1 CPU (range: 22.6 – 87.6)	0.3 mg/l (range: 0.1 – 0.6)

- Water quality data are reported for a deep reference sampling location in each lake/pond.
- Dissolved oxygen measurements were collected in the summer (mid to late July) in the bottom water layer (hypolimnion or metalimnion).
- Downing Pond and River Run Secchi Disk transparency measurements intermittently reached the lake bottom before disappearing from view and likely underestimate the water transparency.
- ----- Indicates the site is too shallow to form a stable deep water layer (hypolimnion or metalimnion) during the summer months.

Figure 4. Merrymeeting River, Site River Run, dissolved oxygen profiles collected between May 27 and October 15, 2019. The vertical red line indicates the oxygen concentration commonly considered the threshold for successful growth and reproduction of warm water fish such as bass and perch. Notice the low dissolved oxygen concentrations that were documented on July 16 and August 20, 2019.



Recommendations

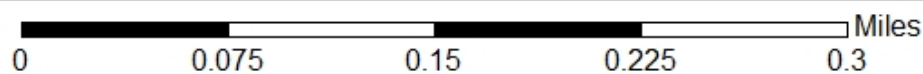
Review the “Merrymeeting Lake & River Watershed Management Plan” that provides background information and offers potential solutions to existing water quality problems. Homeowners within the Merrymeeting River watershed should consider implementing Best Management Practices to minimize the adverse impacts of polluted runoff and erosion on the Merrymeeting River. Homeowners can refer to “Landscaping at the Water’s Edge: An Ecological Approach” and “New Hampshire Homeowner’s Guide to Stormwater Management: Do-It-Yourself Stormwater Solutions for Your Home”. Both self-help documents offer relatively simple solutions to reduce nutrient loading caused by overland run-off.

- <https://www.newdurhamnh.us/home/news/merrymeeting-lake-river-watershed-management-plan>
- https://extension.unh.edu/resources/files/Resource004159_Rep5940.pdf
- <https://www.des.nh.gov/organization/commissioner/pip/publications/wd/documents/wd-11-11.pdf>

Figure 5. Downing Pond

New Durham, NH

2018 Deep water sampling site



Aerial Orthophoto Source: NH GRANIT
GPS Coordinates collected by the UNH Center for Freshwater Biology

